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TREATMENT PROTOCOL: CRUSH INJURY / CRUSH SYNDROME

- 1.
- Spinal immobilization prn/control bleeding prn 2.
- Pulse oximetry 3.
- Oxygen prn 4.
- 5. Advanced airway prn
- Cardiac monitor: document rhythm and attach ECG strip if dysrhythmia identified
- 7. Venous access
- For pain management: 8.

Morphine **299**

2-12mg slow IV push, titrate to pain relief

Pediatric: 0.1mg/kg slow IV push

See Color Code Drug Doses/L.A. County Kids ?

9. ESTABLISH BASE CONTACT (ALL)

10. Fluid resuscitate, hydrate prior to release of compressive force to minimize hypovolemia and to dilute cellular toxins.

Normal Saline

20ml/kg IV bolus (adult and pediatric)

500ml/hr maintenance fluid:

Pediatric maintenance fluid:



Weight up to 10kg: 4ml/kg/hr

Weight 10-20kg: 40ml/hr plus 2ml/kg/hr for each kg between 10 and 20kg Weight greater than 20kg: 60ml/hr plus 1 ml/kg/hr for each kg above 20 kg

11. If pain unrelieved,

Fentanyl **296**

50-100mcg slow IV push, titrate to pain relief

May repeat every 5min, maximum total adult dose 200mcg



Pediatric: 1mcg/kg slow IV push (over 2 minutes)

See Color Code Drug Doses/L.A. County Kids •

May repeat every 5min, maximum pediatric dose 50mcg

Morphine **299**

2-12mg slow IV push, titrate to pain relief

May repeat every 5min, maximum total adult dose 20mg



Pediatric: 0.1mg/kg slow IV push

See Color Code Drug Doses/L.A. County Kids **9**

Maximum pediatric total dose 4mg

- Release compression and extricate patient
- 13. If unable to release compression and situation progresses to CRUSH SYNDROME (entrapment lasting longer than 4hrs) or suspicion of hyperkalemia (peaked T-waves, absent P-waves and/or widened QRS complex):

Albuterol

5mg via continuous mask nebulization

Pediatric: See Color Code Drug Doses/L.A. County Kids •

Less than 1yr of age: 2.5mg 1yr of age or older: 5mg

Calcium Chloride

1gram slow IV push over 60 sec

Pediatrics: See Color Code Drug Doses/L.A. County Kids ?

20mg/kg slow IV push over 60 sec Maximum single dose 500mg

Flush IV tubing with normal saline prior to administering sodium bicarbonate

EFFECTIVE DATE: 7-1-11

REVISED: 5-1-14 SUPERSEDES: 1-1-13

SUBJECT: CRUSH INJURY/CRUSH SYNDROME

TREATMENT PROTOCOL: CRUSH INJURY / CRUSH SYNDROME

to prevent precipitation

Sodium Bicarbonate

1mEq/kg added to 1L of normal saline, run IV wide open just prior to extrication **Pediatrics**: See Color Code Drug Doses/L.A. County Kids **②**

1mEg/kg added to 1L of normal saline, administer 20ml/kg IV

14. Release compression and extricate patient

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Treatment may be compromised by confined space or MCI situation. Ideally, start treatment prior to release of compression. Evaluate for early HERT notification as per Ref. No. 817, Hospital Emergency Response Team. A HERT is utilized in a situation where a life-saving procedure, such as an amputation, is required due to the inability to extricate a patient.
- Use with caution: in elderly; if SBP less than 100mmHg; sudden onset acute headache; suspected drug/alcohol intoxication; suspected active labor; nausea/vomiting; respiratory failure or worsening respiratory status
- Absolute contraindications: Altered LOC, respiratory rate less than 12 breaths/min, hypersensitivity or allergy
- For example, the maintenance rate for a 15kg child is as follows: 40ml/hr + (2ml/kg/hr X 5kg) = 50ml/hr
- For example, the maintenance rate for a 30kg child is as follows: 60ml/hr + (1ml/kg/hr X 10kg) = 70ml/hr
- Ondansetron 4mg IV, IM or ODT may be administered prior to fentanyl or morphine administration to reduce potential for nausea/vomiting
- If the child is off the Broselow[™] and adult size, move to the Adult protocol and Adult dosing